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CAMELLIA DEBUTANTE

# Fall 1940 · Spring 1941 «WHOLESALE ONLY»



Over 75,000 Specimen Camellias

# KIYONO NURSERIES

CRICHTON, ALABAMA

TELEPHONE-MOBILE, ALABAMA, JUNIPER 7621



Propagating Houses

#### WHOLESALE PRICE-LIST FALL, 1940 • SPRING, 1941

### KIYONO NURSERIES

R. F. D. CRICHTON, ALA.

(15 miles northwest of Mobile, Ala., on Moffat Road) Long Distance Telephone, Mobile, Ala.: Juniper 7621

SHIPPING POINT, SEMMES, ALA.

#### TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE

Prices. 5, 50, and 500 of same variety and size at 10, 100 and 1000 rates respectively.

Carload Orders on B&B plants (or if trucks are sent to our nurseries for them, and we do not have to pack the

plants) will be very attractively priced.

Specimen Stock selected or marked by our customers in the Nursery will be charged for according to its value,

and higher than listed prices.

Terms of Payment. Cash with order, from unknown eustomers or those who prefer to earn discount. When eash is sent with order, we offer discount of 3 per cent and boxing is free, which means a total saving of about 10 per cent. If remittance is by Post Office Money Order, it should be made payable to us at Mobile, Ala.

C. O. D. shipment will be considered as a eash order only when deposit of 25 per cent is sent with order.

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For charge accounts, our terms are 60 days net, boxing at cost. New accounts opened only upon receipt of trade references, allowing time for investigation.

Transportation. Please state whether you want your shipments by Parcel Post, Express, or Freight. If no instructions are given, we will use our best judgment in selecting best method of shipments. We make no charge for delivery to railroad station, but our responsibility eeases when goods are turned over to earrier, and risk and cost of transportation belong to purchaser.

Claim. If there is any mistake or any reason to complain, please write immediately upon receipt of goods and we will be pleased to adjust matter.

Condition of Sale. We accept all orders upon condition that they shall be void should any injury befall stock from causes over which we have no control.

> Prices in this list cancel all previous quotations and are subject to change without notice



Azalea Lath-house

#### **AZALEAS**

Azaleas are, without doubt, the most beautiful flowering plants we have in the South. Their season of blooming is very long, beginning with winter-flowering Vittata Fortunei and extending into June when the pretty dwarf Macrantha is covered with its soft orangepink blossoms. All Azaleas are profuse bloomers, and in the spring each plant is a solid mass of color.

All types of Azaleas are easily grown, if a few rules are followed. They require a good, well-drained soil that has a slight acid reaction. The addition of leaf-mold, peat, and, in very heavy, stiff soil, a small quantity of sand, is always beneficial. Leaf-mold and peat help maintain an acid soil and a mulch of leaves is good to retain moisture and to furnish plant-food for the next year. Azaleas are shallow rooted and require an abundance of water in dry weather, especially young plants. Watering among the foliage with a hose is desirable as a strong spray holds thrip and red spider in check.

Partial shade is desirable in planting, but dense shade should be avoided. A lath-house is well suited for growing plants in nursery. They should be fertilized sparingly; a light application of cottonseed meal about three times a year is one of the best treatments. It should be remembered that plants having a quantity of large sappy growth produce far less flowers and are much more likely to be killed by freezing weather than slower-growing plants of the same variety.

Lining-out size Azaleas offered here were rooted last spring and planted in beds early in summer, giving plenty of space for full development of strong root systems and bushy tops, and are far superior to  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch potted plants, having roots enough to fill a 3-inch pot which has twice the capacity of a  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch pot.

We have thousands of lining-out size Azaleas ready for immediate delivery, but since these small plants

#### AZALEAS, continued

have much tender growth and are easily damaged by cold, we advise protecting them against the frost this winter. Extra expense of frost-protection will be more than repaid by better growth you will gain by early planting, but those who are not prepared to protect them will do well to let us book orders and make delivery in spring after all danger of frost is over, without any additional expense to our customers.

#### AZALEA INDICA

The Indica group, which are fast growers with masses of large flowers, are especially adapted for landscape planting all along the Gulf Coast up to the Atlantic seaboard of North Carolina. Around Mobile, Charleston, and some other sections, there are plants seventy to one hundred years old, with spread from 20 to 30 feet across, apparently without any special care, showing they are perfectly at home and easy to grow. Nurserymen in this entire section have a golden opportunity to give most lasting satisfaction to their customers, and incidentally enrich themselves, by planting extensive collections of these showy plants in their nurseries, because Azaleas will sell themselves when your eustomers see them in full bloom. We are listing the most important varieties, eliminating weaker growers or inferior flowers when the same color can be had in better varieties.

- BRILLIANT. A good grower with small, dark green leaves. Deep watermelon color, being intermediate between Pride of Mobile and Pride of Dorking. Very good variety.
- COCCINEA MAJOR. Brilliant orange-red. A little taller grower than Prince of Orange.
- CRITERION. Compact grower with flowers the color of strawberry ice-cream, streaked with deeper pink and margin of white. Late bloomer and very attractive.
- CROEMINA. Fast grower. Light pink flowers of large size early in season.
- DUC DE ROHAN. Compact grower with pretty small leaves and a profusion of beautiful salmon-pink flowers. One of the best varieties for pot-culture.
- ELEGANS. Fast and rather upright grower, similar to Formosa, with light-colored pink flowers early in season.
- FIELDER'S WHITE. Large, pure white flowers early in season. A strong grower, free blooming, and one of the best whites.
- FLAG OF TRUCE. Good-sized, double white flowers with petals ruffled at edges. Compact grower.
- FORMOSA. Very fast grower with large dark leaves and big purplish pink flowers which have less purple than Phœnicia.
- GEORGE FRANC. Early bloomer with extra-large salmon-pink flowers having deep red throats. Very showy.
- GLORY OF SUNNYHILL. Compact grower with shiny narrow leaves and vivid orange-red flowers. One of the latest to bloom.

- INDICA ALBA. Rather upright grower, with dull-colored, hairy leaves and pure white flowers in midseason. Very hardy.
- IVERYANA. Similar to Criterion, but has pink stripes on pure white instead of the pink ground of that variety.
- LADY EDITH. Very similar to Criterion, with almost identical flowers but more glossy leaves. Blooms late.
- MME. DOMINIQUE. One of the largest Indicas, similar in color to Criterion, but of taller growth. Very compact and blooms almost as late as Macrantha. Exceptionally hardy.
- ORCHID. Upright grower with light orchid-colored flowers of medium size. Very early.
- PHŒNICIA. Fast grower with medium-sized leaves and purplish pink flowers of a shade that is not often wanted with other colors, but is very nice with white. It will probably withstand more heat and sun than any other Azalea.
- PRIDE OF DORKING. One of the deepest reds of the entire group. Blooms late in the season and, while not very hardy, yet one of the best.
- PRIDE OF MOBILE. Fast grower with large leaves; similar to Formosa but of lighter color. Some of the largest and choicest Azaleas in the Mobile section are of this variety and were known formerly as "Watermelon-pink" but we gave it the name "Pride of Mobile" several years ago which was immediately adopted by all. Plants over 70 years old, standing over 15 feet high, smothered by countless beautiful pink flowers, are a sight that cannot be equaled by any. Very hardy, fast grower, most brilliant in color, profuse midseason bloomer makes this one of the outstandingly good and profitable varieties for nurserymen and florists to handle.
- **PRESIDENT CLAY.** Good grower with orange-red flowers in midseason.
- **PRINCE OF ORANGE.** Spreading grower with deep orange-red flowers a little after midseason. Very nice.
- PRINCE OF WALES. Bushy, compact grower with deep pink flowers. Rather late.
- SALMON. Known locally as "Daphne Salmon." Midseason bloomer with pleasing salmon-colored medium-size flowers. Very hardy, staying more dormant during winter months. An ideal variety for forcing in greenhouse.
- VIOLACEA RUBRA. Beautiful shade of wine-red color with dark green leaves.
- VITTATA FORTUNEI. Fast, upright grower, with pale-colored leaves. White and lavender variegated and light lavender flowers intermixed. Starts blooming in fall and continues all winter and spring.
- WILLIAM BULL. Very hardy, upright grower which will not grow compact when small, but after a few years will assume a nice compact form. Very double orangered flowers which last a long time. One of the best.

Prices of Azalea Indica:	Each	10	100
6 to 8 in., bed-grown		\$0 80	\$6 00
8 to 10 in., with buds. B&	B \$0 30	2 50	20 00
10 to 12 in., with buds. B&l	B 40	3 50	30 00
12 to 18 in., with buds. B&l	B 50	4 50	40 00
18 to 24 in., with buds. B&	B 75	7 00	65 00
2 to 3 ft., with buds. B&I	3 1 50	13 50	125 00



Azalea kaempferi

#### HARDY JAPANESE AZALEAS

The following list of Hardy Japanese and Kaempferi Azaleas covers probably a larger collection of real money-making varieties for the nurserymen and florists of the southern half of the United States than any other group of plants. All of them are hardy, and all are evergreen except a few which lose their leaves in the New England States. The color-range is large—white, pink, salmon, orange, red, lilae and variegated—and the blooming season is an extended one—some are early, some are late—each producing characteristic bloom of its own.

The whole country is sick and tired of evergreens and common flowering shrubs. They are wanting bright colors early in spring and something different, and what is better than this group of Hardy Evergreen Azaleas? Most nurserymen in this large section of the country do not realize how greatly their trade will be stimulated by offering this bright flowering plant to their customers.

Azaleas under this heading are not dwarf like Hinodegiri or Kurumes, but are fairly fast growers, reaching ultimate heights of 10 to 12 feet, and are hardy in all parts of New Jersey and even farther north.

#### HARDY JAPANESE AZALEAS, continued

- **AMŒNA.** One of the hardiest, compact growers, with small leaves and rather little rosy purple hose-in-hose flowers. Can stand a great deal of neglect.
- **AMŒNA SUPERBA.** Similar to above, with the exception of dark purple flowers, shading darker toward center.
- FLAME. Bright orange-red flowers early in season.
- FUJIMOYO. Small, hairy leaves. Flowers medium size, double, beautiful shade of lilac.
- HARDY FIREFLY. Compact-growing, very hardy Azalea, with good-sized single flowers of most brilliant fiery red. One of the very best.
- HINOMAYO. Fast-growing, upright branches are clothed with small, light-colored leaves. Soft pink flowers of a beautiful shade completely hide the plant. Blooms early.
- INDICA ROSEA (Magnifica). Fast grower, with large, hairy leaves and big single white flowers tinted with rose.
- KAEMPFERI. This Evergreen Azalea will lose its leaves farther north, where it can stand the winters of Boston without any protection, and does splendidly in the lower South, making large plants. The big, single, red flowers are borne profusely rather late in season. Kaempferi Hybrids: Cleopatra, Feedoa, Carmen, Otillo.
- **KIMNAZOI.** Compact grower with long, narrow leaves. The deep orange-red flowers, with 5 separate narrow petals, are entirely different from any other Azalea.
- LILACINA (Akebono, meaning dawn). Delicate lilac shade of orchid—the color of the eastern sky at dawn. Strong grower with large leaves.
- MACRANTHA. Compact grower with roundish leaves and single, medium-sized pink flowers late in season. Very hardy.
- MACRANTHA, ORANGE-RED. Similar to above, with narrow leaves and orange-red flowers. Very good.
- MACRANTHA, DOUBLE-FLOWERING. One of the above type with double salmon-red flowers. Rather new.
- MACROSTEMON SALMONEANA. Medium-sized, salmon-red flowers produced very freely late in season.
- MAXWELLI. Leaves and flowers are as large as most of the Indicas and the carmine-red, single flowers are big and very attractive.
- YAYEGIRI. Fast grower with shiny narrow leaves and beautiful salmon-red hose-in-hose flowers in midseason. Very young and profuse bloomer.
- YODOGAWA. A semi-evergreen Azalea with narrow, willow-like leaves and purplish pink, double flowers early in spring.

Prices of Hardy Japanese Azaleas:

71	1ce	S O	I	iard	у јар	anese	Azareas:						
							Ea	ch	1	0	10	0	
	6	to	8	in.,	bed-g	grown.			\$0	80	\$6	00	
	8	to	10	in.,	with	buds.	B&B \$0	30	2	50	20	00	
	10	to	12	in.,	with	buds.	B&B	40	3	50	30	00	
	12	to	18	in.,	with	buds.	B&B	50	4	50	40	00	
	18	to	24	in.,	with	buds.	B&B	75	7	00	65	00	
	2	to	3	ft.,	with	buds.	B&B 1	50	13	50	125	00	



Coral Bells, 10 to 12-inch size

#### KURUME AZALEAS

This group, known botanically as Azalea obtusum japonicum, includes varieties that are more dwarf in their habit of growth and not quite so hardy as the Hardy Japanese group, but all Kurumes will stand the winters of almost all sections of the Southern States without any protection, and much farther north with a little protection. Their popularity is increasing rapidly as they become better known, especially in the cooler sections of the country where the more tender Indicas are injured by cold. Used singly, or in groups by themselves, or in combination with Indicas or Hardy Japanese varieties, they give most pleasing landscape effects and a range of color that could not otherwise be obtained.

The demand for Kurume Azaleas as pot-plants from eastern and northern florists has been growing by leaps and bounds. When plants are received from us, all you have to do is to pot them in light peaty soil, keep in moderately warm houses, spray with strong force of water daily to keep down red spiders and they will come into full bloom in about 60 days. They are a very quick and profitable crop. We are now growing thousands of excellent Kurumes for florists' use, paying particular attention to the leading florists' varieties, such as Coral Bells, Salmon Beauty, Hinodegiri, and Snow.

APPLE BLOSSOM. Hose-in-hose pink flowers the color of apple blossoms.

BRIDESMAID. Big salmon-pink flowers borne in large elusters. Very good grower.

CARMINE PRINCE. Large, hose-in-hose, carmine-red flowers produced very freely. Medium height, compact.

CATTLEYA. Delicately lilac-tinted hose-in-hose petals are pointed at end and mauve-pink at the edges. Good grower.

#### KURUME AZALEAS, continued

- CHERRY BLOSSOM. Delicate shade of pink melts into white toward center; large flowers.
- CHRISTMAS CHEER. Compaet grower with small shiny leaves. The flowers of deepest erimson are small but very attractive. One of the best varieties.
- CORAL BELLS. Compact grower with small, round, glossy leaves. The dainty, bell-shaped, pink flowers are not large but it is a very profuse bloomer and one of the best favorites with florists.
- **DAPHNE.** Very eompact, slow grower with delieate light lavender flowers fading white in eenter.
- **DOUBLE MAUVE.** Compact grower with delicate mauve hose-in-hose flowers, fading to white in center. Real nice for pot-plants.
- **HEXE** (Firefly). Slow, compact grower with showy, deep searlet, hose-in-hose flowers.
- HINODEGIRI. Slow, compact grower, but its fiery red flowers will literally smother the entire plant, even when they are very small, making it one of the most desirable pot-plants.
- HORTENSIA. Good-sized, soft pink, hose-in-hose flowers are produced in large trusses. Medium height.
- LAVENDER QUEEN. Large, single, light lavender flowers with white stamens. Leaves large and dark.
- MAUVE BEAUTY. Flowers of a delicate mauve shade literally cover the entire plant. Compact, dwarf grower.
- **ORANGE BEAUTY.** Compact grower, with orange-pink flowers of hose-in-hose type, produced in very large elusters.
- **PEACH BLOW.** One of the fastest-growing Kurumcs. Medium-sized, single flowers of a delicate peach shade.
- PINK PEARL. Large, most beautiful salmon-rose-color blooms, shaded lighter toward eenter, with prominent markings, borne in large elusters.
- **SALMON BEAUTY.** Large, hosc-in-hose, salmon-pink flowers and light green foliage.

For prices of Kurume Azaleas, see page 10



Salmon Queen, 6 to 8-inch size

#### KURUME AZALEAS, continued

SALMON QUEEN. Large, single, salmon-pink flowers are produced in great profusion in midseason. One of the most attractive Kurumes.

SNOW. Good size hose-in-hose flowers of purest white among beautiful glossy leaves. Liked by all.

SUNSTAR. Medium-sized, single, dark rosc-pink flowers are borne very profusely. Small, dark green leaves and medium height.

SWEET BRIER. Compact grower, with leaves similar to Peach Blow. Its medium-sized, single pink flowers are very attractive. One of the hardiest Kurumes known.

VESUVIUS. Large, bright orange-red, single flowers. Good grower, with dark green leaves.

VIVID. The large hose-in-hose flowers are deep vivid red without any cast of purple, but similar to Hexe, which has a purple tint. Small leaves and a compact grower.

Prices of Kurume Azaleas:	Each	10	100
4 to 6 in., bed-grown		\$0.80	\$6 00
4 to 6 in., compact; budded	1\$0 30	2 50	20 00
6 to 8 in., with buds. B&B	40	3 50	30 00
8 to 10 in., with buds. B&B	60	5 00	40 00
10 to 12 in., with buds. B&B	75	6 50	50 00
12 to 18 in., with buds. B&B	1 00	9 00	75 00
18 to 24 in., with buds. B&B	1 75	15 00	125 00

Our 4 to 6-inch Kurume and 6 to 8-inch Indica, bedgrown Azaleas are recommended and sold to nurserymen and florists only for the purpose of lining out and growing on into larger sizes. They do not have flower buds and are of no value for immediate effect.



4 to 6-in. and 6 to 8-in. bed-grown Azaleas

We grow and sell thousands upon thousands of these small plants every year, and, due to our facilities and equipment for quantity production, customers find it cheaper and more satisfactory to purchase from us than to maintain a propagating department for their own needs.



#### POTTED CAMELLIAS

To keep pace with the rapidly growing demands of florists, we have increased our supply of potted Camellia Japonicas for this season, and are offering selected varieties of bushy plants in 6-inch pots, which can be retailed as potted plants or used to furnish cut-flowers. These plants are mostly 18 to 24-inch for dwarf kinds, and 24 to 30-inch for taller-growing sorts. All of them have more than half a dozen well-developed flower-buds, and some have double or more that number.

Florists who first bought our potted Camellias, continue sending repeat orders, and many have advised us that they find them more profitable and satisfactory than any other plants they have ever handled. In view of these facts, and notwithstanding the increase in production, we anticipate our whole supply will again be sold out quickly and we urge our customers to order

early, so they will not be disappointed.

Camellias with advanced flower-buds should be kept in a very cool house. Carnation and cyclamen houses are suitable, with a temperature of not much more than 50 degrees. Camellias are winter-blooming plants and may shed their buds in very warm houses.

Prices of potted Camellias: \$15.00, \$17.50, and \$20.00 for 10 plants, depending on size, kinds and number of buds.



6 to 8-inch and 8 to 12-inch Camellias

#### CAMELLIA JAPONICA

The horticultural names of *Camellia japonica* are so badly confused that we are still not sure of many of them, but we have enough kinds which are recognized by leading nurserymen by such names as we list, that we are offering these named Camellias under three classes.

We are the fortunate possessors of "Nouvelle Inconographae des Camellias," published in 1848–1860, with more than 500 colored illustrations of Camellia blooms, with names, and we follow their names as far as possible.

Many names, however, will have yet to be revised and in order not to mislead you, we are illustrating several types of flowers and by referring to them, you can form a better idea of what we mean by "peony form," "very double," etc.

On the following pages we are listing a complete range of sizes, from very small plants suitable for growing on under lath or in greenhouses, to finished, well-rounded specimens for immediate landscape effects. Still larger sizes are available in many varieties and full particulars will be supplied upon request.

Camellias are not difficult to grow. Many fine old specimen plants are to be found scattered throughout the Lower South, where they have been growing for years with but little care, and thriving on practically all types of land characteristic to the region. However, they prefer and do best on a good, well-drained soil that has a slight acid reaction. Good garden soil is suitable, but it can be made better by adding leaf-mold

and peat moss. In heavy, stiff soils a small quantity of sand is also beneficial. Leaf-mold and peat help to maintain an acid condition and a mulch of leaves is good to retain moisture and to furnish plant-food the next year. The addition of sand makes stiff soils more porous and provides better drainage.

In most soils, especially on clay lands, cottonseed meal alone, or a mixture composed of  $\frac{2}{3}$  cottonseed meal and  $\frac{1}{3}$  acid phosphate, is an excellent fertilizer. Other good fertilizing materials, which are likewise acid in their reaction, are well-rotted cow-manure, tankage, castor pomace, sulphate of ammonia and muriate of potash.

The Camellia is less subject to disease and insect enemies than most other evergreen shrubs, but sometimes the foliage is attacked by scales. When this occurs, they should be sprayed with a miscible oil preparation and care taken to thoroughly wet the underside of the leaves as well as the top. Volck, used at the rate of 1 part to 50 parts of water, has proved very effective.

The Camellia is the handsomest and finest of all the broad-leaved evergreen blooming plants for southern gardens. It is long-lived and its beauty and monetary value increases rapidly as the plants grow older. The many new and fine varieties of recent introduction have added enormously to its popularity, and its use as an aristocratic cut-flower has greatly enhanced its prestige and opened up a much broader field for its distribution.



2 to 2½-ft. and 3 to 4-ft. Specimen Camellias, B&B

Our specimen Camellias are grown in full sun and are naturally well branched and compact.

#### CLASS A CAMELLIAS

The varieties offered in this class have been selected because of unusual merit and proven reliability under practically all conditions where Camellias are grown. Generally recognized by authorities as being the most outstanding and satisfactory of all the standard sorts.

ALBA PLENA. Snow-white, very double, good-sized flowers. Very early but a poor grower, and does not set buds when young. 12 to 18 and 18 to 24-inch only.

BROOKLYANA. A bushy grower with large, light-colored leaves. Flowers of medium size, very double, pink mottled with white.



Chandleri elegans. Peony form

CHANDLERI ELEGANS. One of the largest Peony-flowering Camellias. Cherry-red, with white variegation. Some are thick peony-like flowers with 500 petals, but some flowers are loose peony form with yellow stamens.

CLEVIANA. Compact, fast grower, with medium-sized solid deep pink flowers of thick peony type.

EMPRESS OF INDIA. Very late, dahlia-shaped flowers having an unusually pleasing salmon color which is not often found in any other Camellia.



Herme. See page 15

ENRICO BETTONI. Very fast grower. Flowers clear, light pink, varying in form from semi-double to peony on same bush, but always very large.

**HERME.** Very large, loose peony-form blooms of elegant shape. Pink and red variegated with white margin. Has faint scent. One of the very best.



Monarch

MONARCH. The deep pink flowers are of enormous size, having many clusters of stamens and petals inside of larger outer petals, making a single flower equal to a bouquet. Beautiful foliage and compact grower. Since this variety is a very dwarf and spreading grower, prices of specimen plants will be at one grade higher than listed prices. For example, price of 18 to 24-inch Monarch will be at listed price of 24 to 30-inch.

**OTOME.** Similar to Pink Perfection but much larger flowers, with each end of petals fading to lighter shade of shell-pink.



Pink Perfection

PINK PERFECTION. Very double, clear shell-pink flowers of dainty form, liked by many. The plants start blooming when very young, coming early in the season and continuing in profusion for a long time.

PROF. C. S. SARGENT. Very thick, peony-form, solid crimson blooms of medium size.



Semi-Double Blush. Light semi-double

SEMI-DOUBLE BLUSH. Flowers of elegant shape, with light semi-double petals having identical color of Lady Hume's Blush, and beautiful yellow stamens. One of the noblest and simplest in form and coloring.

SOPHIA. Habit of growth and color of flower similar to Chandleri Elegans, but form of flower is more cup-shaped and center petals are less in number and larger.

Prices of Class A Camellias: Each	10	100
3 to 5 in., from coldframes	\$1 50	\$12 00
6 to 8 in. pots	2 50	20 00
8 to 12 in. pots	4 00	30 00
12 to 18 in., branched, B&B	5 50	50 00
18 to 24 in., branched, but with-		
out buds, B&B	10 00	75 00
2 to 3 ft., branched, but with-		
out buds, B&B	12 50	100 00
18 to 24 in., specimen, B&B\$2 25	20 00	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., specimen, B&B 3 50	30 00	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3$ ft., specimen, B&B 4 50	40 00	
3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B 6 50	60 00	
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B 8 50	80 00	



3 to 5-inch from coldframe

8 to 12-inch pots



18 to 24 inch branched but without buds

#### CLASS B CAMELLIAS

This class includes some of the best kinds, often as good as our A Class, but because of a little more plentiful supply, we are listing these excellent varieties at much lower prices.



Mrs. Abby Wilder

MRS. ABBY WILDER. Peony-shaped white flowers, medium to large, with tiny splashes of pink. Compact and good grower.

AUSTILL PINK. Semi-double pink bloom of medium size, stamens often intermixed with smaller petals in center. Compact, but fast grower.

BEALI ROSEA. Very double flowers of Pink Perfection shape, of about same size, but color is a deeper pink. Fast and very compact grower with rather small leaves. Plants 3 feet high usually have spread of same dimension.

BROWN'S RED. Probably the darkest red Camellia of semi-double form. Pointed dark green leaves.

CANDIDISSIMA. Star-shaped, very double, pure white flowers, not large, but a very profuse bloomer. Slow, compact grower. Season late.

COMTE DE GOMER. Very double creamy petals dotted with numerous pink spots. Early. Compact, but slow grower.

COUNTESS OF ORKNEY. Very double light pink flowers with red stripes, rather early in the season. Compact, but slow grower. Profuse bloomer while very small.



Gloire de Nantes. See page 18





Jarvis Red

Elizabeth

DUC DE BRETAGNE. Semi-double, rose-red with light blotches. Large, heavy leaves.

DUC D'ORLEANS. Creamy white, with tiny specks of pink; good size, peony form, stamens intermixed with inner petals.

ELIZABETH (Tutonia). Very double, pure white blooms with petals crinkled at end and, once in a great while, pure pink flowers of same form will appear. Leaves are very dark, thick, green. Strong grower. One of the best. See illustration.

GLOIRE DE NANTES (Leana Superba). Large, semidouble, cerise bloom, with center petals often twisting. Extremely large dark green leaves, and bold large flowers make this one of the most attractive on bush. See illustration page 17.

JARVIS RED. Deep blood-red, semi-double flowers with golden stamens. Very attractive among dark green foliage. One of the most popular kinds. See illustration.

KELLINGTONIA. Flowers orange-red, with stripes or blotches of white, open peony type. Always blooms heavy and has extra-good foliage.

MATHOTIANA ALBA. Good-sized, very double, white bloom with large light-colored leaves. Rather late in season. See illustration.

MME. STREKALOFF. Peony formed; light pink petals with small stripes of crimson. Stiff, upright grower.

NOBILISSIMA. Early. White petals intermixed with stamens. Good grower and bloomer.



Mathotiana alba

- PRINCE EUGENE NAPOLEON (Pope Pius IX). Very double scarlet flowers of good size from early to midseason. Good, compa t grower.
- RAINY SUN. Twisted, rather narrow leaves. Flowers large, semi-double and rose-red in color.
- REV. JOHN BENNETT. Orange-red, semi-double flowers of good size, often having stamens twisted with petals. Rather small, roundish, dark green foliage. Very compact, but a good grower.
- ROSE EMRY. Crimson peony-form blooms of medium size early in season.
- SINGLE RED No 1. Large; single; red. Large foliage.
- STANDARD. Double; pink, with white spots; imbricated. A compact grower and blooms midseason to late.



Tanner Williams Red

- TANNER WILLIAMS RED. Semi-double; orange-red, with prominent stamens. Very compact grower and profuse bloomer.
- T. K. VARIEGATED. Semi-double; light pink, with darker pink margin, somewhat like Criterion azalea; elegant form and coloring, with large cluster of yellow stamens. Small leaves. Compact, but fast grower.
- THERESA MOSSINE. Very narrow, pleasing shell-pink petals; unusually double. Small leaves. Very compact.
- TRI-COLOR. Semi-double flowers of almost pure white to red and intermediate colors on same bush. Dark green, glossy leaves.

Prices of Class B Camellias: Each	n 10	100
3 to 5 in., from coldframes	\$1 20	\$10 00
6 to 8 in. pots	2 00	15 00
8 to 12 in. pots	2 50	20 00
12 to 18 in., branched, B&B	4 00	35 00
18 to 24 in., branched, but with-		
out buds, B&B	6 00	50 00
2 to 3 ft., branched, but with-		
out buds, B&B	10 00	75 00
18 to 24 in., specimen, B&B\$2 0	0 17 50	
2 to 2½ ft., specimen, B&B 2 5		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., specimen, B&B 3 5	0 30 00	
3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B 5 0		
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B 7 0		

#### CLASS C CAMELLIAS

This group is composed of the more common and easily grown double-flowering kinds. As a class, they are very fast growers and hardier than the more choice sorts.

LADY CAMPBELL. Double, red, medium-sized flowers. A vigorous grower, rather upright but compact in habit.

LILY. Attractive, double, white flowers of medium size. Rapid growing, compact and symmetrical.

NAPOLEON D'ITALIE. Medium size; double; rose-red, with very dark, almost blackish stripes. Compact, excellent grower.

**SANGDON.** Semi-double; shell-pink. Fast-growing and very bushy.



Sarah Frost

SARAH FROST. This well-known favorite is a good compact grower and a profuse bloomer. The flowers are full double, of medium size, rose-red in color, and produced midseason to late. Very dependable.

We also offer at this class price several very good double and semi-double flowering kinds, names of which are not known to us. We therefore offer them by color: Red, Pink, Variegated, and White.

Prices of Class C Camellias:	Each	10	100
3 to 5 in., from coldframes		\$1 00	\$8 00
6 to 8 in. pots		1 50	12 50
8 to 12 in. pots		2 00	17 50
12 to 18 in., branched, B&B		3 50	30 00
18 to 24 in., branched, but without buds, B&B		5 00	40 00
2 to 3 ft., branched, but without buds, B&B		7 50	60 00
18 to 24 in., specimen, B&B\$	\$1 50	12 50	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., specimen, B&B	2 00	17 50	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., specimen, B&B	3 00	25 00	
3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B	4 00	35 00	
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B	6 00	55 00	



Snowdrift Camellia. See page 22

#### RARE CAMELLIAS

We offer, this season, a greater number of choice and outstanding varieties of rare Camellia Japonicas, in a wider range of colors and sizes than ever before. They are offered in three groups, and priced according to individual merit and supply available. We can furnish them only in connection with our Standard Varieties, only a limited number to a customer, and at no reduction in price, regardless of size of order. The new and rare Camellias of today will be the real money-makers of tomorrow. Every grower should have them.

#### **GROUP 1**

LAUREL LEAF (Ile Tremento). Flowers large, full double, with numerous narrow petals having recurved edges and opening very flat; light salmon-rose, marbled white. Upright and compact in habit of growth, with rather narrow foliage of a pleasing shade of green. Conspicuously beautiful, and most highly regarded of all varieties in many sections of the country.

VICTOR EMANUEL. Probably the most sought-for Camellia in America today, and no collector should be without it. It is a bushy grower, compact and symmetrically round, with medium-sized, smooth, elliptic-ovate leaves. The flowers are very large, deep red, peony-form, and of indescribable magnificence and beauty. Blooms late.

Prices on Group 1:	Each
10 to 15 in., pots	.\$3 50
12 to 18 in., B&B	. 7 50
18 to 24 in., B&B	.12 50
18 to 24 in., specimen, B&B	.25 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., specimen, B&B	.35 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\tilde{3}$ ft., specimen, B&B	

#### GROUP 2

- C. M. HOVEY. In habit of growth, and shape and form of flowers, it is very much like Purple Emperor, but the beautiful, double, large red flowers are mottled with white. Very showy.
- DAIKAGURA. Probably the earliest bloomer of all Camellia japonicas. In the Mobile section it is nearly always in bloom in September and often is showing color in August. Flowers large, thick peony-type, deep rose color with large white blotches, sometimes imbricated.
- **DEBUTANTE** (Sarah C. Hastie). Delicate shade of solid pink; large peony-form. Very hardy. See illustration on front cover.
- **FANNY BOLLIS.** Very large, single red flowers blotched with white. See illustration on page 24.
- GIGANTEA. Very large leaves and spreading branches. The red and white flowers are peony-form and of good size.
- **KUMASAKA.** Large, peony-form blooms of deep pink. Late. See illustration on page 24.
- KUMASAKA, VARIEGATED. Identical with Kumasaka, but with white spots.
- LADY CLARE. Immense, single pink flowers. Probably the largest of all Camellias.
- MARCHIONESS OF EXETER. Early. Large pink flowers of peony-form, similar to Debutante, but a little deeper in color. See illustration on page 25.
- MRS. WILLIAM THOMPSON. Large, semi-double white blooms of great beauty. Recent importation from Europe.
- MONJISU. Semi-double, medium-sized flowers of bright carmine with a satin-like sheen, and blotched white. Foliage small, dark green.
- PINK BALL. Color identical with Pink Perfection, but flowers much larger, double, with pompon center. Very attractive and has handsome foliage.
- PINK STAR. Semi-double, bright rose-pink flowers of delicate coloring. Outer row of petals roundly pointed, giving star-like appearance. Habit of growth compact and upright. Midseason. Very desirable.
- PURPLE EMPEROR (Mathotiana Rubra; Purple Dawn, etc.). One of the largest flowers of rose form. Deep red, but as the flower gets older, outer edge turns purple. See illustration on page 25.
- REV. JOHN G. DRAYTON. Medium-sized, semi-double, peony-type flowers of soft clear pink. Entirely different from the variety known by this name on the Pacific Coast, which is clear white, and which is known in the southeastern United States as Grandiflora Alba.
- **SNOWDRIFT.** Beautiful form; large, semi-double; pure white. See illustration on page 21.
- WATERLOO (Ethlington White). Large, semi-double, white flowers of tissue paper-like texture.

Prices on Group 2:	Eacl	h
8 to 10 in., pots	\$1 0	0
10 to 15 in., pots		
12 to 18 in., B&B		
18 to 24 in., B&B		
24 to 30 in., B&B		
18 to 24 in., specimens, B&B		
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., specimens, B&B		
2½ to 3 ft., specimens, B&B	20 O	0

22

#### **GROUP 3**

- APPLE BLOSSOM. Single, small pink flowers, not showy, but quite fragrant.
- **ARAJISHI.** Similar to Prof. Sargent in color and form but later-blooming and more spreading in habit of growth.
- COLONEL FIREY (William S. Hastie). Very large, extremely double flower, with many small petals of glowing rich crimson. A late bloomer.
- FRED SANDERS. Flowers single, of medium size, crinkled at the edges. Otherwise, it resembles Tri-color in both color and formation.
- GOSHOGURUMA. Good-sized, semi-double, deep red flowers with yellow anthers, making a most attractive color combination. Upright grower.
- GOVERNOR MOUTON. Flowers of medium size and blood-red color, often blotched with white. A vigorous grower, rather spreading in habit, with twiggy branches.
- KIMBERLY. The brilliant red, single flowers have very prominent red stamens instead of white ones like other Camellias. Upright grower. A collector's variety.



- LADY VAN SITTI. Large, semi-double, attractive, deep pink flowers. Leaves long, narrow-pointed and slightly crinkled. Upright grower and free bloomer. Midseason.
- PRINCE ALBERT. Semi-double, pink, streaked or flecked with white, similar to Herme in shape. Upright grower with serrated leaves.
- PURITY. Very double, symmetrical, pure white, star-shaped flowers, occasionally with stamens. One of the best of all whites. Upright grower.
- ST. ELMO (Augusta Evans Wilson). Deep pink, thick, peony-form, of good size and one of the earliest to bloom in fall. Upright grower with thick shiny leaves.
- SUPRESSE NOBILISSIMA. Semi-double white flowers, very thin in texture, and elegant.

J	,	0		
Prices on Group 3:			Eac	eh
8 to 10 in., pots				
10 to 15 in., pots				
12 to 18 in., B&B.				
18 to 24 in., B&B.				
24 to 30 in., B&B.				
18 to 24 in., specing				
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., specing				
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., special	nen. Ba	sВ	 10 (	00



# FOUR FAMOUS VARIETI

Prices o





MARCHIONESS OF EXETER

# ES OF RARE CAMELLIAS

page 22



#### CAMELLIA SASANQUA

One of the newer and finest of all the broad-leaved evergreens. Similar to Camellia japonica, but looser and faster growing. Very profuse bloomers, the flowers commencing to open the latter part of September and continuing on through November—a time when very few flowers can be had. From many thousands of seedling plants, we have originated a few outstanding kinds which we offer in the following list under numbers.

Cleopatra. Large, beautiful cherry-red flowers, often double, and having crinkled petals. Foliage thick, dark and glossy. A vigorous and compact grower.

Mine-no-Yuki. Double; white, similar to carnation. See illustration.

Rosea. Deep pink. Large; single; upright grower. Shell Pink (No. 1). Large; single. Fast grower. Pink and White Variegated (No. 2). Single.

Blush (No. 4). Single. Good size.

Deep Pink and White, Variegated (No. 5). Deeper than No. 2.

Prices of above Camellias:		10	100
6 to 8 in., C. T		\$1 50	\$12 50
8 to 12 in., C. T	•	1 75	15 00
12 to 18 in., C. T		2 00	17 50
18 to 24 in., C. T		3 00	25 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B	. \$1 50	12 50	
3 to 4 ft., B&B	. 2 50	22 50	
4 to 5 ft., B&B		30 00	
5 to 6 ft., B&B			

CAMELLIA SASANQUA (Seedlings). Seedling Sasanqua usually have single white flowers, but often have pink and red. They will bloom very profusely in October and November. Fast grower and will make excellent hedge and also understock to graft more valuable Camellia.

		~/	100
4 to 6 in., seedlings	\$0	60	\$5 00
6 to 8 in., S. T		80	6 00
8 to 12 in., S. T	1	00	8 00



Camellia Sasanqua, Mine-no-Yuki



Magnolia soulangeana

#### ORIENTAL MAGNOLIAS

Some of the most beautiful flowering trees in the world belong to this group of deciduous Magnolias. Most of them are hardy in nearly all parts of the United States, and planting of these beautiful trees should be encouraged by nurserymen, especially when they can be had at such reasonable prices as we list below.

SOULANGEANA. Small tree with large, 9-petal, pinkish flowers before the leaves in the spring. One of the most beautiful flowering trees.

SOULANGEANA ALBA SUPERBA. Similar to above with almost white flowers of larger size. Rounder leaves and a more upright grower.

Prices of above two Magnolias:	Each	10	100
$2\frac{1}{2}$ or 3-in. pots (1-yr.)	. \$0 25	\$1 75	\$15 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ or 3-in. pots (2-yr.)	. 30	2 50	17 50
*12 to 18 in., C. T	. 30	2 50	17 50
*18 to 24 in., C. T	. 40	3 50	25 00
*18 to 24 in., B&B	. 1 00	9 00	80 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B	. 1 25	10 00	90 00
3 to 4 ft., B&B	. 1 75	15 00	125 00
4 to 5 ft., B&B	. 2 25	20 00	175 00
5 to 7 ft., B&B			200 00

SOULANGEANA LENNEI. Leaves are much larger than Soulangeana. The bold cup-shaped flowers, white inside and reddish purple outside, are larger and open later than other Soulangeanas. Very choice.

111001	J			
3-in. pot, C. T\$0	35	\$3 00	\$25 00	)
18 to 24 in., B&B 1				
2 to 3 ft., B&B	00	17 50		
3 to 4 ft., B&B 2	50	22 50		
4 to 5 ft., B&B	00	27 50		

<sup>\*</sup>Soulangeana only.

#### ORIENTAL MAGNOLIAS, continued

SOULANGEANA NIGRA. Blooms later than Soulangeana and is darker in color.

LILIFLORA (M. obovata). Tulip-shaped, large, purplish pink flowers before leaves appear. Many stems from ground and makes a large bush.



Magnolia liliflora

Prices of above two Magnolias:	Each	10	100
$2\frac{1}{2}$ or 3-in. pots (1-yr.)	.\$0 15	\$1 25	\$10 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ or 3-in. pots (2-yr.)		1 50	12 00
12 to 18 in., C. T	. 20	1 50	12 00
18 to 24 in., C. T	. 30	2 50	20 00
2 to 3 ft., bushy, B&B		10 00	
3 to 4 ft., bushy, B&B		12 50	
4 to 5 ft., bushy, B&B		15 00	
RUSTICA RUBRA. Large, cuj	p-shaped	l, dark	reddish
purple flowers. A great new add	ition. Si	milar to	Lennei,
with handsome seed-pods more	than 6 i	nches Io	ng.
3-in. pots	.\$0 35	\$3 00	\$25 00



Magnolia rustica rubra



Magnolia stellata

#### MAGNOLIA, continued

STELLATA. Star Magnolia. A dwarf grower with numerous delicate pinkish white water-lily-like flowers early in spring. One of the most beautiful of all.

1 - 1			
	Each	10	100
$2\frac{1}{2}$ or 3-in. pots (1-yr.)	.\$0 25	\$2 00	\$17 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ or 3-in. pots (2-yr.)	. 30	2 50	20 00
12 to 18 in., C. T	. 30	2 50	20 00
18 to 24 in., bushy, B&B	. 1 75	15 00	
2 to 3 ft., bushy, B&B	. 2 25	20 00	
3 to 4 ft., bushy, B&B	. 3 50	30 00	
4 to 5 ft., bushy, B&B	. 5 00	45 00	

VEITCHI. Hybrid of Magnolia campbelli and M. denudata. Strong, upright grower with much larger leaves than M. denudata. Lovely blush-pink flowers almost twice the size of Soulangeana. Very rare and valuable. 5-in. and 6-in. potted plants in 18 to 24-in. size at \$2.50 each.



Magnolia stellata M 3-in. pot (2 yrs.)

Magnolia soulangeana 3-in. pot (2 yrs.)



Cleyera japonica in our nursery

#### BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS

Abbreviations: S., Seedling; C., Cutting; T., Transplanted; B&B., Balled and burlapped.

We have many varieties not listed here and solicit your inquiries

ABELIA grandiflora	Each	1 1	0	10	0
12 to 18 in., C		\$1	25	\$10	00
18 to 24 in., bushy		1	50	12	00
2 to 3 ft., bushy		2	00	17	50
3 to 4 ft., bushy		3	50	30	00
We can ball last three grades	s of	especia	ally	select	ted
plants at 15c extra each.		•			

AUCUBA japonica. Beautiful dark green leaves on green branches reaching ultimate height of 10 feet. Hardy south of Philadelphia but in Lower South they will thrive in almost any degree of shade.

AZALEAS. See pages 3 to 10.

BERBERIS atrocarpa. One of the best evergreen Barberries in the Lower South, with about 1-inch spiny leaves. Compact grower.

B. Thunbergi atropurpurea. Red-leaved Japanese Barberry. Leaves are dark bronze-red, making an excellent contrast with other green shrubs.

Prices of both Berberis:

rices of both Derberrs.		
6 to 8 in., C. T	\$0.60	\$5 00
8 to 12 in., C. T		6 00
12 to 18 in., C. T	1 00	8 00
12 to 18 in., B&B\$0 60	5 00	
18 to 24 in., B&B 75	6 00	
2 to 3 ft., B&B 1 00	9 00	

BUXUS japonica. Fairly fast-growing Box with light-colored roundish leaves. Does well in full sun.

B. sempervirens. Slow-growing, compact Box with deep green, pointed leaves. There are several strains of this variety, but we offer the most compact-growing kind.

Prices of both Buxus: 4 to 6 in., C. T	Each	10 \$0 65	100 \$5 00
6 to 8 in., C. T.		80	6 00
8 to 10 in., C. T.		1 00	8 00
10 to 12 in., C. T		1 25	10 00
12 to 18 in., B&B	.\$0 60	5 00	
18 to 24 in., B&B	. 1 00	9 00	
2 to 3 ft., B&B	. 1 50	12 50	
CALLISTEMON. Bottle-Brush.		<b>#</b>	<b>#</b> 40.00
Strong 3-in. pot			\$10 00
C. Thea. Tea-Plant. White, so	26.		
C. Thea. Tea-Plant. White, sw	weet-sce	nted flo	owers in
late fall. Commercial tea is made	de out o	f these l	eaves.
6 to 8 in., S		\$0 40	\$3 00
6 to 8 in., S		60	5 00
CLEYERA japonica. An excel			
medium-sized evergreen, with the	nick, glo	ssy leav	es which
turn red before falling. Crean	ny white	flower	s in late
spring. Our plants are cutting		n from	selected
specimens of exceptional merit.		* 4 . 0 . 0	
8 to 12 in., C. T		\$1 00	\$8 00
12 to 18 in., C. T		1 25	10 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B	.\$1 25	10 00	
3 to 4 ft., B&B	. 1 /5	15 00	
4 to 5 ft., B&B		20 00	
COTONEASTER Francheti. One			
in the Lower South. Compact,	free-gro	wing, w	ith deep
orange berries.	Y • Y		
C. pannosa. Similar to above, wit	h silvery	leaves.	
Prices of both Cotoneasters:			
6 to 8 in., S			\$6 00
8 to 12 in., S		1 00	8 00
18 to 24 in., B&B			
2 to 3 ft., B&B			
3 to 4 ft., B&B		10 00	
4 to 5 ft., B&B		12 50	
ELÆAGNUS pungens. Transplan	nts easil	y, doing	g well in
either sun or shade.		<b>*</b> 0 <b>5</b> 5	<b>#</b> C 00
6 to 8 in., C. T		\$0 75	
8 to 12 in., C. T	. @1 .00	1 00	8 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B	. \$1 00	7 50	
3 to 4 ft., B&B		10 00	
4 to 5 ft., B&B	. 1 /5	15 00	



Elæagnus pungens aureo-maculata. High variegation of the leaves will not fade hold color all year round.  2½ in., pots 6 to 8 in., C. T. 8 to 12 in., C. T. 18 to 24 in., B&B. 2 to 3 ft., B&B.  E. pungens Fruitlandi. Fast-growing Elæ	10 \$1 50 1 00 1 25 8 50 12 50	sun, but 100 \$12 50 8 00 10 00
green leaves. 6 to 8 in., C. T. 8 to 12 in., C. T. 2 to 3 ft., B&B. 3 to 4 ft., B&B. 4 to 5 ft., B&B. 1 75	\$0 80 1 00 8 50 10 00 15 00	\$7 00 9 00
green tree with large leaves coated with hair underneath. Clusters of fragrant velowed by yellow delicious fruit of about 6 to 8 in., S.  8 to 12 in., S.  12 to 18 in., S.  2 to 3 ft., B&B.  3 to 4 ft., B&B.  4 to 5 ft., B&B.  2 50	tiny, this vhite flow plum siz \$1 00 1 25 1 50 10 00	ck, gray vers fol- ze. \$8 00
green leaves. Does well in Lower South 8 to 12 in., C. T	1.	
E. radicans vegetus. Very satisfactor ground-cover plants with pretty evergr 6 to 8 in., C. T 8 to 12 in., C. T	ry, troul een leave	ble-free, es.
EURYA japonica. Slow, compact-growin thickly with small, dark green, glossy		
ornamental value. Those who are seeki green will do well to try it.  6 to 8 in., C. T.  8 to 12 in., C. T.  12 to 18 in., C. T.  2 to 3 ft., B&B.  3 to 4 ft., B&B.	\$0 75 1 00 1 25	\$6 00 8 00 10 00
green will do well to try it. 6 to 8 in., C. T. 8 to 12 in., C. T. 12 to 18 in., C. T. 2 to 3 ft., B&B. 3 to 4 ft., B&B. 1 50  FEIJOA Sellowiana. Pineapple Guava. ing shrub with light green leaves of silv neath. Handsome purplish flowers in lat	\$0 75 1 00 1 25 10 00 12 50 Compactery color	\$6 00 8 00 10 00
green will do well to try it. 6 to 8 in., C. T. 8 to 12 in., C. T. 12 to 18 in., C. T. 2 to 3 ft., B&B. 3 to 4 ft., B&B. 1 50  FEIJOA Sellowiana. Pineapple Guava. ing shrub with light green leaves of silv neath. Handsome purplish flowers in lat about zero weather. 6 to 8 in., S. T. 8 to 12 in., S. T. 12 to 18 in., S. T.	\$0 75 1 00 1 25 10 00 12 50 Compactery colore spring. \$1 00 1 25 1 50 7 50	\$6 00 8 00 10 00
green will do well to try it. 6 to 8 in., C. T. 8 to 12 in., C. T. 12 to 18 in., C. T. 2 to 3 ft., B&B. 3 to 4 ft., B&B. 1 50  FEIJOA Sellowiana. Pineapple Guava. ing shrub with light green leaves of silv neath. Handsome purplish flowers in lat about zero weather. 6 to 8 in., S. T. 8 to 12 in., S. T. 12 to 18 in., S. T. 2 to 3 ft., B&B. 3 to 4 ft., B&B. 4 to 5 ft., B&B.  GARDENIA florida. Cape Jasmine. We values in this popular flowering plant.	\$0 75 1 00 1 25 10 00 12 50 Compactery color espring. \$1 00 1 25 1 50 7 50 10 00 12 50 e offer espring.	\$6 00 8 00 10 00 tet-grow- under- Stands \$8 00 10 00 12 50
green will do well to try it. 6 to 8 in., C. T. 8 to 12 in., C. T. 12 to 18 in., C. T. 2 to 3 ft., B&B. 51 25 3 to 4 ft., B&B. 1 50  FEIJOA Sellowiana. Pineapple Guava. ing shrub with light green leaves of silv neath. Handsome purplish flowers in lat about zero weather. 6 to 8 in., S. T. 8 to 12 in., S. T. 12 to 18 in., S. T. 2 to 3 ft., B&B. 1 25 4 to 5 ft., B&B. 1 50  GARDENIA florida. Cape Jasmine. We values in this popular flowering plant. all have flower-buds. 6 to 8 in., C. T. 8 to 12 in., C. T. 12 to 18 in., C. T. 13 to 18 in., C. T. 14 to 24 in., B&B. 1 25 3 to 4 ft., B&B. 1 50	\$0 75 1 00 1 25 10 00 12 50 Compactery color espring. \$1 00 1 25 1 50 7 50 10 00 12 50 e offer esponder espring. \$0 60 85 1 00 4 00 6 00 10 00	\$6 00 8 00 10 00 10 00 et-grow- under- Stands \$8 00 10 00 12 50 xceHent plants \$5 00 7 00 9 00
green will do well to try it. 6 to 8 in., C. T. 12 to 18 in., C. T. 12 to 18 in., C. T. 2 to 3 ft., B&B. 3 to 4 ft., B&B. 1 50  FEIJOA Sellowiana. Pineapple Guava. ing shrub with light green leaves of silv neath. Handsome purplish flowers in lat about zero weather. 6 to 8 in., S. T. 8 to 12 in., S. T. 12 to 18 in., S. T. 12 to 18 in., S. T. 2 to 3 ft., B&B. 3 to 4 ft., B&B. 1 25 4 to 5 ft., B&B. 1 50  GARDENIA florida. Cape Jasmine. We values in this popular flowering plant. all have flower-buds. 6 to 8 in., C. T. 8 to 12 in., C. T. 12 to 18 in., C. T. 13 to 18 in., C. T. 15 to 18 in., C. T. 16 to 24 in., B&B. 1 50  2 to 3 ft., B&B. 3 50 3 50 3 50 3 50 3 50 5 50	\$0 75 1 00 1 25 10 00 12 50 Compactery color espring. \$1 00 1 25 1 50 7 50 10 00 12 50 e offer esponses of the color of the	\$6 00 8 00 10 00 10 00 ct-grow- under- Stands \$8 00 10 00 12 50 xcellent plants \$5 00 7 00 9 00

Gardenia, Mystery. Flowers are larger a	ind r	nore	attr	ac-
tive than the ordinary Gardenia florida,	and	an ex	celle	ent
grower. Each	1	0	10	0
$2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. pots	\$1	25	\$9	00
3-in. pots	1	75	15	00
8 to 12 in., C. T	1	50	10	00
12 to 18 in., C. T	2	00	15	00
18 to 24 in., B&B\$0 75	6	00		
2 to 3 ft., B&B 1 00	7	50		
3 to 4 ft., B&B 1 50	12	50		
G. radicans. Dwarf-growing Cape Jasn	nine	with	sma	all
variegated leaves and waxy-white, frag	rant	flowe	rs.	
4 to 6 in., C. T	\$0	60	\$5	00
6 to 8 in., C. T		75	6	00
8 to 12 in., C. T	1	00	8	00
12-in. spread, B&B\$0 65	5	00		



ILEX Cassine. Dahoon Holly. Similar to Angustifolia with the exception of wider leaves, of paler color. These are well-berried plants at following prices.

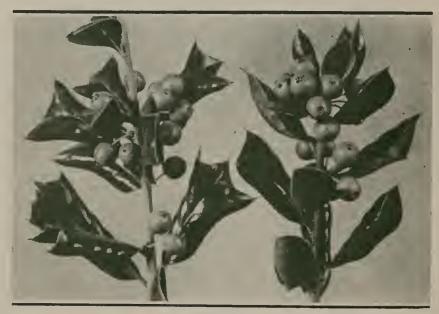
	Each	10	100
8 to 12 in., C. T		\$1 00	\$8 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B			
3 to 4 ft., B&B	 . 1 25	10 00	

I. Cassine angustifolia. Leaves are narrow and 2 to 3 inches long. Bears deep red berries very young and most profusely. Having smaller leaves than above kind, berries show up better. One of the very best berry-bearing plants.

J. 11. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10		
6 to 8 in., C. T	\$0.80	\$6 00
8 to 12 in., C. T	1 00	8 00
18 to 24 in., B&B, with berries \$1 00	8 50	
2 to 3 ft., B&B, with berries 1 25	10 00	
3 to 4 ft., B&B, with berries 1 50	12 50	

3 to 4 ft., B&B, with berries . . 1 50 12 50 4 to 5 ft., B&B, with berries . . 1 75 15 00

Ilex crenata. Dwarf, slow-growing I hardiness. Each 6 to 8 in., S. T 8 to 12 in., S. T	Holly of 10 \$0 75 1 00	extreme 100 \$6 00 8 00
I. crenata bullata. An excellent new variable high gloss and convex in center. Slow ideally suited for rock and Japanese g	w and dv	eaves of varf and
6 to 8 in., C. T	\$0.75	\$6 00 8 00
8 to 12 in., C. T	6 00	
2 to 3 ft., B&B, clipped 1 50	12 50	
I. crenata microphylla. Very small-leave	d type of	Crenata
used extensively in East. 4 to 6 in., C. T	\$0.75	\$6 00
6 to 8 in., C. T	1 00 1 25	8 00 10 00
12 to 18 in., B&B, clipped \$0 75 18 to 24 in., B&B, clipped 1 00		
2 to 3 ft., B&B, clipped 1 50		
I. crenata rotundifolia. Very hardy I berries and round, boxwood-like leaves	Holly wit	h black
6 to 8 in., C. T	\$0 75	\$6 00
8 to 12 in., C. T	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 00
18 to 24 in., B&B 1 00	7 50	
2 to 3 ft., B&B, clipped 1 50	12 90	



Ilex cornuta femina

Ilex cornuta Burfordi

#### I. cornuta Burfordi.

I. cornuta femina. Showiest Holly in the South and perfectly at home from the Gulf Coast to New Jersey. Cuttings from bearing plants with highly glossy leaves. Some plants have regular Holly-shaped leaves with several spines, but some have entire shiny leaves, without any spines except one, and are known by some nurserymen as "Burfordi." We can offer both kinds at same price

and are known by some nurselymen	l as	Du	riordi.
We can offer both kinds at same price			
the can oner both kinds at same price	ce.		
6 to 8 in., C. T	\$1	00	\$8 00
8 to 12 in., C. T	1	25	10.00
21/ in - at	4		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. pot		50	12 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B\$1 50	12	50	00
3 to 4 ft., B&B	20	00	
1 to 5 ft R R R	20	00	
4 to 5 ft., B&B 3 00	25	00	
5 to 6 ft., B&B 4 50	40	00	
6 to 7 ft., B&B 6 00	55	00	
0 to 7 tt., Dab 0 00	- ララ	UU	



Ilex C. bullata Ilex opaca Ilex C. rotundifolia 8 to 12-in. Ilex

Ilex opaca femina. American Holly. Seedling Holly cannot be depended on to bear fruit because there are both male and female plants, but we propagate from cuttings of best bearing female plants. Each 10 100 6 to 8 in., C. T. \$1 00 \$8 00 8 to 12 in., C. T. \$1 00 \$8 00 12 to 18 in., C. T. \$1 50 12 00 12 to 18 in., C. T. \$1 50 12 00 I. vomitoria femina. Yaupon. Cuttings were taken from heavy bearing plants to insure best crop of berries. 8 to 12 in., C. T. \$1 25 \$10 00 12 to 18 in.
ILLICIUM anisatum. Anise Tree. Beautiful upright evergreen with clean, broad leaves which are highly scented when bruised. Very hardy.  6 to 8 in., C. T
8 to 12 in., C. T
JASMINUM floridum. Arched branches clothed with dark green leaves and yellow flowers, a good part of the summer. Hardy south of Washington.  J. primulinum. Primrose Jasmine. Very graceful, fast-
growing, semi-erect evergreen with yellow flowers.  Prices of above two kinds:
6 to 8 in., C. T
LAUROCERASUS caroliniana. Cherry-Laurel.
6 to 8 in., S.       \$0 40       \$3 00         8 to 12 in., S.       60       5 00         8 to 12 in., S. T.       1 00       8 00         12 to 18 in., S. T.       1 25       10 00         2 to 3 ft., B&B       \$0 75       5 00         3 to 4 ft., B&B       1 00       7 50         4 to 5 ft., B&B       1 50       12 50         5 to 6 ft., B&B       1 75       15 00
LAURUS officinale. English Laurel. Medium-sized shrub, doing well from Gulf Coast to Virginia. Large dark
doing well from Gull Coast to Virginia. Large dark         green leaves.         6 to 8 in., C. T.       \$0.75       \$6.00         8 to 12 in., C. T.       1.00       8.00         12 to 18 in., C. T.       1.25       10.00         18 to 24 in., B&B       \$0.75       6.00         2 to 3 ft., B&B       1.00       7.50         3 to 4 ft., B&B       1.25       10.00

### KIYONO NURSERIES · Crichton, Alabama

LIGUSTRUM ciliatum variegatum. Sprea	ding shr	ub with
round, variegated leaves.  4 to 6 in., strong rooted C  6 to 8 in., C. T  8 to 12 in., C. T. Beds	10 \$0 40 60 85 1 00	100 \$2 50 5 00 7 00 9 00
L. coriaceum. Very dwarf Ligustrum with dark foliage making it suitable for rock-	n crinkle gardens.	d, thick
6 to 8 in., C. T.  8 to 12 in., C. T.  12 to 18 in., C. T.  12 to 18 in., B&B \$0 75  18 to 24 in., B&B \$1 00  2 to 3 ft., B&B \$1 50	\$1 00 1 25 1 50	\$8 00 10 00 12 00
L. japonicum. Fast-growing, large shrubackground and border, etc.	ub suita	able for
6 to 8 in., S	\$0 35 50 75 6 00 7 50 10 00	\$2 00 3 00 5 00
L. lucidum compactum. Well-known Watensively planted in last few years. any other broad-leaved evergreen the greater attention by the public in receuse can still be increased. Our Wax known to have exceptionally good color foliage and compactness of bush. Oplants are well pinched and shapely.	There is  It has  It years  Privets a  and tex  Our field	hardly received, but its are well atture of
L. lucidum pyramidalis. Upright Priv several types of Pyramidal form of Wours has dark green foliage of roundish and while decidedly upright in form, yet	Vax Priv form; ve	ry thick
L. lucidum repandum. Crinkle Privet. Rat spreading, with waxy, crinkled, narr very graceful.	ther upri ow leav	ight and res and
Prices of above three Ligustrums:         4 to 6 in., strong rooted C         6 to 8 in., C. T.         8 to 12 in., C. T.         12 to 18 in., C. T. Beds         12 to 18 in., C. TT. Field         18 to 24 in., C. TT. Field         18 to 24 in., B&B       \$0 50         2 to 3 ft., B&B       65         3 to 4 ft., B&B       1 00         4 to 5 ft., B&B, specimens       1 50         5 to 6 ft., B&B, specimens       2 00	\$0 40 60 85 1 00 1 75 2 50 4 00 5 00 8 50 12 50 17 50	\$2 50 5 00 7 00 9 00 15 00 17 50
L. Quihoui. Evergreen summer-blooming upright form used widely for landso Ligustrum is immune from the attack of is used for grafting other varieties of pecially in Florida, where soil is sandy.	ape use of nemat	e. This ode and
2 to 3 ft., branched		\$10 00 12 00
L. Quihoui pendulum. Weeping Everble Privet. Will make ideal ground-cover p	lants, es	Chinese
on banks. Very hardy and little known.  8 to 12 in., C. T.  12 to 18 in., C. T.  2 to 3 ft., B&B.  36	\$1 00 1 50 8 00	\$8 00 12 00

MAGNOLIA fuscata. Banana Shrub. Noted for its yellowish white flowers with banana-like fragrance. Ver	
attractive shrub. Each 10 100	
2½-in. pots \$1 50 \$12 5	<b>0</b>
6 to 8 in., C. T	
8 to 12 in., C. T	
1 20 2 2 2 2 2 0	U
12 to 18 in., B&B\$0 60 5 00	
18 to 24 in., B&B 1 00 8 50	
M. glauca. Well-known native White Bay of souther United States. Blooms young and is hardy in Centra States.	
	$\sim$
6 to 8 in., S \$0.80 \$6.0	
8 to 12 in., S	
12 to 18 in., S	U
M. grandiflora. Bull Bay. Our specimen plants wer transplanted two and three times.	·e
6 to 8 in., S	0
8 to 12 in., S	
12 to 18 in., S	
2 to 3 ft., B&B	U
3 to 4 ft., B&B 1 25 10 00	
4 to 5 ft., B&B 1 75 15 00	
5 to 7 ft., B&B 2 50 20 00	
M. Soulangeana. See page 27.	



Mahonia Bealei

Mahonia Fortunei

\$2 50 \$20 00

MAHONIA Bealei (M. japonica). This spread out in Nandina fashion. Classiflowers in winter are followed by berries. Does best in partial shade.	lusters of	yellow	
2 to 4 in., S. 4 to 6 in., S. 6 to 8 in., S. T. 8 to 12 in., S. T. 4-in. pots.	\$0 60 75 1 00 1 25 3 50	\$5 00 6 00 8 00 10 00 25 00	
M. Fortunei. Handsome evergreen some green, narrow-lanceolate foliage. Contin habit. Very ornamental.  4-in. pots	ipact and	h dark upright \$25 00	
MALPIGHIA glabra. Barbados Cherry. Small crape myrtle-like pink flowers are followed by bright red berries. Often blooms and bears at same time. Rather tender, but when killed back to ground they will shoot up in spring and bloom in same summer.			

3-in. pots.....

Well-known red-berry-bearing NANDINA domestica. plants. Our B&B plants have several canes, with berries early in season. Each 10 100 \$0 75 \$6 00 85 7 00 1 25 10 00 18 to 24 in., B&B .....\$0 60 5 00 2 to 3 ft., B&B ..... 1 00 8 00 3 to 4 ft., B&B . . . . . . . . . 1 50 4 to 5 ft., B&B . . . . . . . . 1 75 12 50 15 00

**OSMANTHUS** americanus. Fast-growing shrub with 3-inch leaves and fragrant white flowers in fall. Can stand zero weather.

O. Fortunei. Tea-Olive. Hardy south of Washington, D. C. Beautiful holly-like leaves and fragrant white flowers in late fall. One of the best broad-leaved ever-

O. fragrans aurea. Yellow-flowering Sweet Olive. Similar to Sweet Olive, but a more profuse bloomer. Orangecolored flowers which are highly scented. Blooms only once in fall, however. Very new and rare plants.

O. fragrans. Sweet Olive. Similar to above two kinds but blooms almost continuously all winter and is very fragrant. We have, this year, splendid lots of both lining-out and specimen plants to offer. Prices of all Osmanthus: 100 10 \$1 00 \$8 00 1 25 10 00 1 50 12 00 5 00 2 to 3 ft., B&B ..... 1 00 8 50 3 to 4 ft., B&B ..... 1 50

PHOTINIA glabra. New growth of this plant is vivid red and is very attractive among other evergreens during growing season. Should be clipped often to induce more new growth. Each 10 6 to 8 in., C. T. 8 to 12 in., C. T. 12 to 18 in., C. T. \$0 75 \$6 00 1 00 8 00 1 25 10 00

good-sized, serrulated leaves, which will often turn red 

12 to 18 in., B&B .....\$0 50 4 00

18 to 24 in., B&B ..... 75

PITTOSPORUM Tobira 6 to 8 in., C. T. 8 to 12 in., C. T. 12 to 18 in., C. T. \$0 60 \$5 00 85 7 00 8 00 1 00 18 to 24 in., B&B .....\$1 00 8 50 3 ft., B&B . . . . . . . . . 1 25 10 00

PYRACANTHA coccinea Lalandi. Winter-berried plants are getting more popular all the time, and especially Pyracanthas. This variety is very hardy and safe south of Philadelphia. Orange-colored berries after August.

P. crenulata Kansuensis. The deep red berries are small but borne in such large quantities that they cover the entire plant.

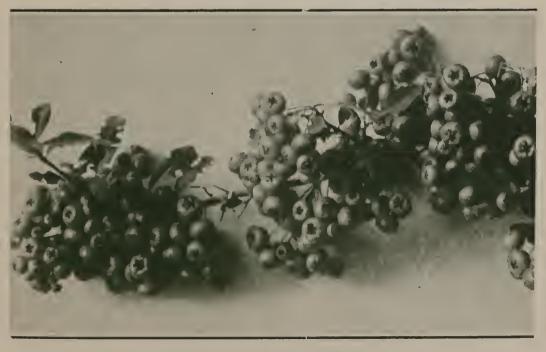
P. formosana. By far the showiest of all Pyracanthas, but is not very hardy, and unsafe north of Montgomery. Large clusters of bright red berries.

#### KIYONO NURSERIES · Crichton, Alabama

Pyracantha yunnanensis. Spreading type with coberries and quite hardy. Very popular.	ral-red
6 to 8 in., C. T	100 \$12 50 6 00 8 00 10 00
SERISSA fætida variegata. Dwarf, spreading shrul small variegated leaves and abelia-like flowers not the summer. Makes an excellent hedge.	nost of
8 to 12 in., C. T	\$6 00 8 00
and the state of t	red. \$8 00 10 00
VIBURNUM macrophyllum. Small tree with large glossy leaves and clusters of white flowers.  V. odoratissimum. Similar to above, with more rolleaves of lighter color and not glossy. Looks muc English laurel and is a fast grower.	ounded
Prices of above two Viburnums:       6 to 8 in., C. T.       \$0 75         8 to 12 in., C. T.       1 00         12 to 18 in., C. T.       1 25         18 to 24 in., B&B       \$0 75 6 00         2 to 3 ft., B&B       1 00 8 00         3 to 4 ft., B&B       1 25 10 00         4 to 5 ft., B&B       1 50 12 50	\$6 00 8 00 10 00
V. suspensum.       Dwarf-growing, compact bush, clusters of suspended white flowers in late fall.         6 to 8 in., C. T.       \$0 75         8 to 12 in., C. T.       1 00         12 to 18 in., C. T.       1 25         18 to 24 in., B&B       \$0 75       6 00         2 to 3 ft., B&B       1 25       10 00	with \$6 00 8 00 10 00

V. Tinus. Laurestinus. Compact-growing shrub with small, shiny leaves and clusters of pinkish white flowers at terminals of shoots during winter months. One of the most desirable plants.

Prices same as Macrophyllum and Odoratissimum.



Pyracantha formosana



Cedrus Deodara

#### **CONIFERS**

Abbreviations: S., Seedling; C., Cutting; T., Transplanted; B&B., Balled and burlapped

We have many varieties, not listed here, in smaller quantity, but will be pleased to quote on them

CEDRUS Deodara.	Each	10	100
6 to 8 in., S		\$0 75	\$6 00
8 to 12 in., S. T		1 00	8 00
12 to 18 in., S. T		1 25	10 00
18 to 24 in., B&B		5 00	
2 to 3 ft., B&B	. 1 00	9 00	
CUNNINGHAMIA lanceolata. Chin	ese Fir.		
4 to 6 in., S		\$0.50	\$4 00
6 to 8 in., S		75	6 00
8 to 12 in., T. S		1 25	10 00
12 to 18 in., bushy, T. S		1 75	15 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B		7 50	
3 to 4 ft., B&B		10 00	
		CI	

JUNIPERUS chinensis albo-variegata. Slow-growing, conical-shaped Juniper with much creamy white variegation, making a very attractive subject.

J. chinensis densa glauca. Similar to above, but with solid deep blue hue which will not turn brown in coldest weather. More silvery blue than Silver Red Cedar, and much more compact.

Prices of above two Juniperus:				
4 to 6 in., C. T	\$1	25	\$10	00
6 to 8 in., C. T	1	50	12	00
8 to 12 in., C. T	1	75	15	00
10 . 04 ' D D	(3	- C		

#### CONIFERS, continued

Juniperus chinensis fæmina (J. sylvestris). One of the best conifers in the South, with light green leaves of both scalelike and smooth types. Can withstand city conditions and is very hardy.

time to vory mindy v			
Prices of Juniperus chinensis fæmina	Each	10	100
4 to 6 in., C. T		\$1 00	\$8 00
6 to 8 in C T	•		
6 to 8 in., C. T	•	1 25	10 00
8 to 12 in., C. T		1 75	15 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B	.\$1 25	10 00	
3 to 4 ft., B&B		12 50	
4 to 5 ft., B&B		15 00	
5 to 6 ft., B&B		20 00	
J. chinensis japonica (J. chinensis		ens) Ci	reening
Juniper. Very hardy, prostrate	Juniper,	with sca	ale-like
leaves of blue-green.			
4 to 6-in. spread, C. T		\$0.80	\$6 00
6 to 8-in. spread, C. T		1 00	8 00
8 to 12-in. spread, C. T.		1 25	10 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B			10 00
3 to 4 ft., B&B	. 1 50	12 00	
J. chinensis Pfitzeriana. Our spe			unipers
are very shapely, spreading in fo	our direct	ions.	
4 to 6-in. spread, C. T			\$8 00
6 to 8-in. spread, C. T		1 25	10 00
9 to 12 in annual C.T.	•		
8 to 12-in. spread, C. T		1 50	12 00
12 to 18-in. spread, B&B	\$0 75	6 00	
18 to 24-in. spread, B&B			
2 to 3-ft. spread, B&B		12 50	
2 to 3-it. spread, D&D	1 50	12 )0	

J. chinensis Sargenti. One of the best creeping Junipers and of great hardiness.

Prices are same as J. chinensis japonica.

J. communis. Column-type English Juniper of bluish hue, withstanding heat of southern sun and hardy in extreme North. See illustration.

\$0.80 \$6 00 1 00 8 00 2 to 3 ft., B&B.....\$0 75 6 00 3 to 4 ft., B&B . . . . . . . . . 1 00 8 00 10 00 4 to 5 ft., B&B...... 1 25

J. communis depressa plumosa. Andorra Juniper. Light green summer foliage that turns into deepest plum color in winter. Decidedly prostrate growth.

Prices are same as J. chinensis japonica.
J. conferta. Shore Juniper. Spreading Juniper with peagreen foliage, will not turn brown in winter and will do well on sandy soil or clay.

Prices are same as J. chinensis japonica.



Jun. C. Pfitzeriana Jun. communis Jun. C. Sargenti 8 to 12-in. Junipers

#### CONIFERS, continued

COMIFERS, continued
Juniperus communis depressa, vase-shaped.       Semi-erect         Juniper of vase shape.       Each       10       100         6 to 8 in., C. T.       \$0.75       \$6.00         8 to 12 in., C. T.       1.00       8.00
J. excelsa stricta. Spiny Greek Juniper. Symmetrical grower of conical outline.
4 to 6 in., C. T.       \$0 75 \$6 00         6 to 8 in., C. T.       1 00 8 00         18 to 24 in., B&B       \$0 60 5 00         2 to 3 ft., B&B       75 6 00         3 to 4 ft., B&B       1 00 8 50
J. japonica oblonga. Semi-erect dwarf Juniper of unique shape, with fine smooth leaves.
6 to 8 in., C. T
J. Sabina. Semi-spreading Juniper of rather formal shape and of slow growth.
J. Sabina, Von Ehron. Similar to Pfitzer Juniper but a little more upright and a fast grower. Excellent, newer addition.
Prices of above two Juniperus:
6 to 8 in., C. T. \$1 00 \$8 00 8 to 12 in., C. T. \$1 50 12 50 4 to 5 ft., B&B 1 75 15 00
PODOCARPUS sinensis. Japanese Yew. One of the largest-leaved conifers with 2 to 3-inch leaves a half-inch wide. Looks almost like a broad-leaved evergreen. Can be pruned to any desired shape and will do well in either sun or dark shade.
4 to 6 in., S. T.       \$0 50 \$4 00         6 to 8 in., S. T.       75 6 00         8 to 12 in., S. T.       1 00 8 00
RETINOSPORA ericoides. Fast and upright grower with feathery bluish foliage. Can be pruned into Royal Italian shape, and our specimen sizes are sheared plants. 6 to 8 in., C. T. \$0.60 \$5.00 8 to 12 in., C. T. 80 6.00



Juniperus chinensis Sargenti

# KIYONO NURSERIES · Crichton, Alabama

#### CONIFERS, continued

n i Chair and Tall	4.0	100
Prices of Retinospora ericoides, continued Each 12 to 18 in., C. T	\$0.90	100
3 to 4 ft., B&B	6 00	) "
4 to 5 ft., B&B 1 00	8 50	)
5 to 6 ft., B&B 1 25 Retinospora pisifera filifera. The thread-like	e gree	n foliage
presents a unique appearance and does like most other Retinosporas.		
6 to 8 in., C. T		5 \$6 00 8 00
R. pisifera filifera aurea. This form is coolor, and will not turn green all year.	of ver	y yellow
6 to 8 in., C. T		\$8 00 5 10 00
R. pisifera plumosa aurea. Very feathery with golden color during growing season.		
R. pisifera squarrosa Veitchi. Rapid grown	er wit	h silvery
foliage. Very handsome. Shears well.		
Prices of above two Retinosporas: 6 to 8 in., C. T	\$0.7	5 \$6 00
8 to 12 in., C. T	1 00	
THUYA orientalis aurea conspicua. Upright	and o	columnar
grower with golden yellow foliage.	Φ1 O(	0 00
6 to 8 in., C. T		0 \$8 00 5 10 00
12 to 18 in., C. T	1 50	0 12 00
T. orientalis aurea nana. Berckman's Gold Well-known dwarf Golden Arborvitæ.		
size plants were rooted in greenhouses an		
in open beds under full sun. They are	comp	pact and
hardy. 6 to 8 in., C. T	\$1 2	5 \$10 00
8 to 12 in., C. T	1 50	0 12 00
12 to 18 in., C. T	2 00	0 17 50
3 to 4 ft., B&B	10 0	Ö
T. orientalis Bakeri. Upright, fast grower.		
bed- and field-grown plants.	\$0.75	= \$6.00
6 to 8 in., C. T	1 00	
8 to 12 in., C. T	1 2	
2 to 3 ft., B&B\$0 60 3 to 4 ft., B&B85	5 00 7 50	
4 to 5 ft., B&B 1 25	10 00	)
5 to 6 ft., B&B 1 50	12 50	)
DECIDUOUS PLAN	TS	
CYDONIA japonica. Japanese Quince.	dt 1	) \$12 50
12 to 18 in., T		0 \$12 50 0 17 50
2 to 3 ft., T		25 00
GINKGO biloba. Maidenhair Tree.	dh a	0 45
6 to 8 in., 3-yr. seedlings	**	0 \$7 00 5 10 00
8 to 12 in., 3-yr. seedlings	1 5	0 12 50
2 to 3 ft., T	3 0	
LAGERSTRŒMIA indica. Crape Myrtle. Red, and Pink.	Wat	ermelon-
1 to 2 ft		0 \$12 00
2 to 3 ft	2 0 3 0	0 17 50 0 25 00
J 10 4 10,	5 0	27 00

DECIDUOUS PLANTS, continu	ued			
grant, creamy white flowers in midseason pact, upright grower.  12 to 18 in., C. T.  18 to 24 in., C. T.  2 to 3 ft.  3 to 4 ft.	\$1 \$1 2 3	0 25 00 00	g, co	00 00 00 00
MAGNOLIAS. Sce pages 27, 28, 29.				
PUNICA Granatum rubra. Red-flowering I 12 to 18 in., C. T	\$1 2	50 00	\$12 17 25	00 50
PRUNUS glandulosa. Double-flowering early spring, before leaves appear, the covered with small, beautiful, double p 12 to 18 in., C. T	entii ink 1 \$1 7 2 5	re b How 5 \$ 0	ush i ers.	0 0
SPIRÆA, Anthony Waterer.				
12 to 18 in., very bushy, TT 18 to 24 in., very bushy, TT			\$12 17	
S. Reevesiana.  12 to 18 in., field-grown			\$10 15	
S. Thunbergi.  12 to 18 in., field-grown	1	75	\$10 15 20	00
WISTERIA multijuga rosea. Pink Wisteria 2-yr., grafted, field-grown 3-yr., grafted, field-grown	\$6		\$50 75	
ROSA Rouletti. Very dwarf form of F evergreen in the Lower South, with so flowers almost continuously. Quite a nor rock-garden plants. All our plants have 2-in. pot.	nall lovcl re flo	rose ty a wer	e-pin as po	k t s.

1 25 10 00 1 75 15 00  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. pot . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3-in. pot.....

## PALMS, VINES, BULBS, ETC.

AMARYLLIS vittata. Hybrids of all sorts, ranging

Very large flowers with wide per 3-yr. seedlings	
ASPIDISTRA lurida. Price per good leaves	. \$0 50 \$3 00
BAMBUSA argentea. A clump Barcanes and green leaves. Very nico Good-sized clumps, B&B	e for screen.
B. disticha. Smaller than above, w 12 feet. Very fine leaves of highly Good-sized clumps, B&B	ith ultimate height of ornamental value.

B. (Phyllostachys) aurea. Giant Japanese Bamboo. Large-growing, hardy yellow-stemmed Bamboo, well adapted for southern United States.

44



Planting of Hemerocallis

CHAMEROPS excelsa. Wind-mil			
fan-shaped-leaf palms with slende	r trunk	. Well a	dapted
for street plantings.			
Specimen sizes from field:	Each	10	100
18 to 24 in., B&B	.\$2 00	\$15 00	
2 to 3 ft., B&B			
COCOCt1!- D'-I- D-I TI		11	

COCOS australis. Pindo Palm. The recurved leaves are glaucous and very graceful. This is a rather slow grower, but never gets out of bounds and is ideal for lawn specimens. Can stand much more cold than Washingtonia and Phoenix Palms.

8 to 12 in., 2-yr. S	\$0	75 \$6 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B\$2 25	20	00
3 to 4 ft., B&B 3 00	25	00
4 to 5 ft., B&B 4 00	35	00

CORTADERIA argentea. Pampas Grass. Pink or White. \$3 50 \$25 00 Good-sized division..... 2 00 15 00

**HEDERA Helix.** English Ivy. \$0 85 

12 to 18 in.,  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. pot . . . . . . . . HEMEROCALLIS. Day-Lily. Valuable and easily grown perennial plants, blooming abundantly in spring and summer. The large yellow flowers range in color from

\$7 00

9 00

1 25

pale lemon to reddish orange and give a most pleasing contrast with broad-leaved evergreens and other shrubbery.

Apricot. Semi-dwarf, with rich, deep yellow flowers. Very early.

Gold Dust. Low-growing, bushy variety which produces its golden flowers on short stems. Early.

Florham. One of the most popular of the tall-growing sorts. Its large golden yellow flowers are borne freely in midseason. May to August.				
Fulva. Flowers large and reddish orange in color. A				
tall grower and late bloomer.  Kwanso. Large, double, orange-copper flowers, produced on long stems late in season.				
Orangeman. Medium grower and free bloomer. The flowers are produced over a long period and are clear bright orange-yellow in color.				
Sovereign. Dwarf to semi-dwarf, with clear light yellow flowers. Early.				
Any of the Hemerocallis, 10 100				
Medium divisions				
LIRIOPE Muscari densiflora. Big Blue Liriope. Similar to Ophiopogon but with much broader and longer leaves (about 12 inches) and larger spikes of blue flowers. Excellent for edging and porch-plants.  Medium elumps				
Medium elumps				
MILLETIA japonica. Formosa Wisteria. Vines with				
compound evergreen leaves and deep purple flowers produced freely during summer months, very much like ordinary Wisteria. Offered by only two or three firms in this country as yet				
6 to 8 in., C. T				
OPHIOPOGON japonica. Dragon's-Beard. A very low, grass-like evergreen with spikes of purple flowers, doing well either in dark shade or in full sun. Very valuable as border plants and for ground-cover.				
Small division				
YELLOW JESSAMINE (Gelsemium sempervirens). Slen-				
der vines with shiny evergreen leaves, and fragrant yellow flowers early in spring. Hardy from central Texas and south.				
6 to 8 in., C. T				



Liriope Muscari variegata

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Indica Azaleas are a riot of color in late winter and early spring when other flowers are scarce.

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